

Review of Related Research on Urban Planning Discipline Based on Feminist Perspective

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Abstract

This paper summarizes the research progress and the main problems in this field by combing the domestic and foreign urban planning disciplines and other related disciplines in the field of "feminism", and explores the feminist research perspective into the planning. The influence and significance of theory and practice, and finally put forward the research direction of domestic urban planning field combined with feminist perspective.

Keywords. Urban planning; Feminism; The research reviewed

1. Introduction

For a long time, urban development has been influenced by "male principles" and "male standards", ignoring the spatial and spatial needs of women, marking the urban construction with gender inequality, triggering various urban problems and social problems more prominent, therefore, "feminism" gradually attracted the attention of scholars in the planning field. The problem of "feminism" or city of specific issues related to women, "women's issues" as a catalyst, theory of urban planning, urban construction and urban policy with critical question, thus gradually formed a new planning thoughts, feminism idea and began women's research and planning process.

2. Survey of Foreign Studies

In the 1960s, the feminist movement was only concerned with basic issues such as education, employment and politics. By the 1970s, as women had more opportunities to participate in social activities, social life had changed dramatically, and the feminist movement began to pay attention to women's life environment, concerned about the city's planning and development. According to the search results of the SAGE Journals platform, the literature on "feminist" and "gender" issues began in 1981, reaching the peak in 2010, and there are about 1841 related literature.

Abroad study the development of women's and planning can be roughly divided into three phases: research on the threshold of: focusing on women and the urban environment, focus on "women and..." Issues (such as women and housing, women and transport, women and development) and the development phase of the research: seek solutions from the design level with the deep stage of research: rethinking urban planning and construction from a

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deeper level. The research process from the contrast between the ideal and the reality to find a solution, always around the "planning how to use the appropriate way to meet the needs of urban women," the main line of the general development.

While "feminine principle" got the development, the plan domain has gradually formed one kind of new plan theory—feminine principle plan, the feminine principle plan theory mainly stresses on the spatial research, is for the purpose of solving the transportation problem, the city spread, the neighborhood relations, the suburbanization and so on some city question. Its research focus from the initial explore the osmosis of gender discrimination in the urban space effect to the differentiation of equality between men and women to the attention to urban population diversity, experienced by space rights related to space role relationship to the spatial difference of shift process. After 2000, the literature on "women and planning" focused on the study of theoretical methodology, and explored ways to combine feminist theory with planning theory, thinking about how to integrate gender planning into mainstream planning concepts, and to explore women participation in urban planning. To sum up, the development of "women and planning" in the first four decades is the formation of the theoretical framework of feminist planning, and the development is the deepening of the content. For decades, the development of feminist planning Theoretical research has been quite a system, research topics continue to enrich research content and depth have a certain breakthrough that can be summarized as the follows.

- In the epistemology stratification plane, it has formed the more comprehensive fundamental research frame. In deals with in the city issue, west's feminine principle plan idea has the place which is worth profiting from: In the spatial structure, proposed the function mix organization pattern; In the municipal transportation, advocated organizes the city mass transit using the behavior study theory; In the community design, thought true lives at home ideal is the harmonious neighborhood relations, the convenient service system and the close social contact.
- At the level of methodology, Western planning scholars use the "feminist" perspective as a methodology to explore the methodology of the new planning theory based on the feminist perspective: interdisciplinary research (integration of disciplines and other disciplines or theories) + comprehensive thinking.
- At practice level, from the development of the western feminist theory of space experience, case study plays an important role in the process of growth theory, played an important role for inspection planning work that need to emphasize the practice of feminism is not all of them are successful, but it provides a unique perspective and methods are still of great significance, the current construction of a harmonious society provides a valuable theoretical way.

3. Overview of domestic research

The relevant domestic women with less research of urban development, urban planning, planning field early, mainly introducing western theories until recent years, the study of space design, women need to be put forward. And based on the literature reviews, the research can be generally summarized as the following aspects. (1) Huang Chunxiao and Gu Zhaolin first put forward the concept of urban spatial system and policy system from the

perspective of women's vision and way of thinking, and introduced the planning concept of western feminism comprehensively and systematically. Huang Chunxiao also discussed the feminism Objectives, principles and methods, which provides a new theoretical approach for the planning field. Huang Zhaoxiong et al. Have made feminist academic criticism and reflection on urban planning and urban construction from the perspective of land use and development, and opened for the planning field of our country with a new analytical perspective. (2) Cheng Jiang and Huang Yaping et al. analyzed the life cycle characteristics and spatial requirements of urban women. The study is the first study of the internal differences in women from the microscopic point of view, which provides a new perspective and new method for women's spatial research. (3) Chen Hua believes in incorporating gender perspectives into the planning process and to advocate the participation and planning of the planning and planning of women's care ethics, and to improve the number and status of women in the planning industry.

Looked from the overall tendency, "feminine principle" the development causes the plan domain the scholar starts to transform the idea, takes the feminine status, the behavior and the psychological demand gradually. However compares overseas, the domestic related literature deficient, the research extremely is also frail, only then just started the female as the analysis model research. In the geography, construction and landscape in the correlation discipline and so on the plan study space fundamental researches, "the feminine principle" has had certain influence. Among them, the geography relative other discipline research start, the development is early rapid, the correlation research mainly concentrates in to aspects and so on theory translation and introduction, behavior characteristic research as well as demand difference; The construction domain stress research foothold female feels the user friendly space design, the most practices are the small scope and not continual; The scenery botanical garden correlation research concentrates in by the green space and the park space, the campus activity space and so on the city opening space primarily descriptions, moreover also sees here and there some about the landscape space appraisal research and the research summary; The artistic design domain many take in the commercial space, the leisure space or the housing space concrete spatial type as the object of study, how stresses in experiences from the feminine angle discussion consciousness expression and the sense organ integrates the spatial design.

In general, the research of urban planning and other related disciplines is still in the preliminary stage. The theoretical research is also based on the western theory. The consideration of the differences between Chinese and western culture and social background is not enough. Therefore, many problems are more important analysis, and theoretical excavation is not enough which need to be further improved.

4. Review and Prospect of Domestic Research Progress

"Feminist" theory research is getting more and more disciplines attention, but the planning field of theoretical research and practical application is extremely scarce, so the future research also need to further from the following point of view.

- Further study of the differences among women and the uniqueness of different women. Because of the existing research is to analyze the differences between sexes,

the research group of women as a single object, without considering different geographical, economic, cultural, ethnic women differences between their respective demand, such as older women and young women, the difference between single women and married women.

- Due to the great differences between Chinese and western social systems and social forms, it is far from enough to follow the Western theoretical methods and research results. Therefore, it should be based on China's national conditions, the western feminist theory and practice of research and China's social background and female characteristics of the combination of women's needs and urban spatial resources allocation process of practice, so as to develop a female space system with Chinese characteristics.
- Start thinking about the way feminism is integrated into the planning theory. Domestic existing planning system and policy does not contain any content related to gender issues, planning theory will be almost no women as an analytical paradigm for research, existing research has not get began to think about women and planning of the fusion method. Planning of domestic scholars should also start to think on the basis of traditional word "feminism" innovation, create new planning theory and to diversify female perspective planning method into mainstream planning theory.

5. Conclusion

This paper presents the review of related research on urban planning discipline based on feminist perspective. At present, the research of the country focuses on the introduction of theory, theoretical construction and strategic principles, more is to stay in the academy of the talk, the relevant theory and strategy of lack of empirical research, practical research is obviously inadequate. The case study needs to summarize the behavioral characteristics and the demand difference between women and women through a large number of social studies, and integrate the gender difference view into the concrete space practice based on the research data, and summarize a set of practical and strong planning and design principles and guiding suggestions, from the macro level can be a region of the city as a research paradigm, from the micro level can be a certain type of urban public space for the study.

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